





Potential years of life lost, by selected causes of death (ICD-10) and sex, five-year average, Canada and Inuit regions

every 5 years

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eograp	ohy ⁵ = Inuit Nunangat ⁷					
ex	Selected causes of death (ICD-10) 13	Characteristics ⁸	1994- 1998	1999- 2003	2004- 2008	
Both sexes	Total, all causes of death [A00-Y89]	Number of potential years of life lost	34,051	37,341	33,728	
		Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	15,835.6	16,021.5	13,562.9	
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	15,208.5	16,021.5	12,974.5	
	All malignant neoplasms (cancers) [C00-C97]	Number of potential years of life lost	3,380	3,557	3,498	
		Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	1,571.8	1,525.9	1,406.5	
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	1,704.3	1,525.9	1,276.2	
	Colorectal cancer [C18-C21]	Number of potential years of life lost	343	590	51:	
		Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	159.3	253.1	206.	
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	173.7	253.1	192.	
		Number of potential years of life lost	953	1,268	93.	
	Lung cancer [C33-C34]	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	443.0	543.8	375.	
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	491.2	543.8	12,974.5	
		Number of potential years of life lost	2,446	2,194	2,33	
	Circulatory diseases [100-199]	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	1,137.7	941.3	939.	
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	1,146.8	941.3	878.	
	Ischaemic heart diseases [I20-I25]	Number of potential years of life lost	525	738	69	
		Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	244.2	316.4	278.	
			Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	271.8	316.4	249.
		Number of potential years of life lost	583	538	37	
	Cerebrovascular diseases [160-169]	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	270.9	230.6	150.	
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁹	296.9	230.6	138.	
	All other circulatory diseases [100-102, 105-109, 110-115, 126-128, 130-152, 170-179, 180-189, 195-199]	Number of potential years of life lost	1,339	919	1,26	
		Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	622.6	394.3	510.	
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	578.1	394.3	490.	



Sex	Selected causes of death (ICD-10) 13	Characteristics ⁸	1994- 1998	1999- 2003	2004- 2008
	Respiratory diseases (excluding infectious and	Number of potential years of life lost	1,733	1,300	1,541
		Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	806.0	557.7	619.5
	parasitic diseases) [J00-J99]	Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	753.0	557.7	577.6
		Number of potential years of life lost	559	481	х
	Pneumonia and influenza [J10-J18]	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	260.1	206.3	х
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	215.4	206.3	6.6
		Number of potential years of life lost	590	448	х
	Bronchitis, emphysema and asthma [J40-J43, J45-	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	274.1	192.0	х
	J46]	Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	290.2	192.0	х
		Number of potential years of life lost	584	372	1,094
	All other respiratory diseases [J00-J06, J20-J22, J30-J39, J44, J47, J60-J70, J80-J84, J85-J86,	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	271.7	159.4	440.0
	J90-J94, J95-J99]	Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	247.3	159.4	399.9
		Number of potential years of life lost	8,503	8,898	6,339
	Unintentional injuries [V01-X59, Y85-Y86]	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	3,954.3	3,817.8	2,549.0
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	3,960.7	3,817.8	2,512.3
		Number of potential years of life lost	7,920	12,623	9,772
	Suicides and self-inflicted injuries [X60-X84,	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	3,683.2	5,415.8	3,929.8
	Y87.0]	Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	3,694.1	5,415.8	3,748.7
Males	Total, all causes of death [A00-Y89]	Number of potential years of life lost	22,590	25,496	22,730
		Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	20,083.2	21,119.1	17,813.2
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	19,442.9	21,076.2	17,293.2
		Number of potential years of life lost	1,703	1,915	1,638
	All malignant neoplasms (cancers) [C00-C97]	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	1,513.6	1,585.8	1,283.3
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	1,591.1	1,538.5	1,127.8
		Number of potential years of life lost	198	328	212
	Colorectal cancer [C18-C21]	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	175.6	271.3	166.5
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	181.5	261.7	143.8
		Number of potential years of life lost	445	685	515
	Lung cancer [C33-C34]	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	395.6	567.4	403.6
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	418.4	543.2	336.1
	Prostate cancer [C61]	Number of potential years of life lost	х	х	х

	Selected causes of death (ICD-10) 13	Characteristics ⁸	1994- 1998	1999- 2003	2004- 2008
		Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	x	х	:
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	х	x	
		Number of potential years of life lost	1,704	1,287	1,29
	Circulatory diseases [100,100]	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	1,515.0	1,066.1	1,016.
	Circulatory diseases [100-177]	Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	1,500.4	1,037.4	907.
		Number of potential years of life lost	×	553	57
	Circulatory diseases [100-199] Ischaemic heart diseases [120-125] Cerebrovascular diseases [160-169] All other circulatory diseases [100-102, 105-109, 110-115, 126-128, 130-152, 170-179, 180-189, 195-199] Respiratory diseases (excluding infectious and parasitic diseases) [J00-J99] Pneumonia and influenza [J10-J18] Bronchitis, emphysema and asthma [J40-J43, J45-J46] All other respiratory diseases [J00-J06, J20-J22, J30-J39, J44, J47, J60-J70, J80-J84, J85-J86, J90-J94, J95-J99]	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	х	457.7	450.
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	432.2	444.7	388.
ľ		Number of potential years of life lost	410	180	17
		Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	364.5	149.1	133.
	ociesiovascalai discuses [100 107]	Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	385.6	142.2	112.
ľ		Number of potential years of life lost	844	555	55
		Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	750.4	459.3	432.
	195-199]	Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	682.6	450.6	407
		Number of potential years of life lost	849	594	61
		Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	754.8	491.9	481.
	parastiic diseases) [J00-J99]	Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	688.2	477.5	453
		Number of potential years of life lost	x	х	
	Pneumonia and influenza [J10-J18]	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	x	х	
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	236.7	x	5
		Number of potential years of life lost	210	203	
		Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	186.7	167.7	
	340]	Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	192.6	157.7	
ľ		Number of potential years of life lost	327	170	40
	J30-J39, J44, J47, J60-J70, J80-J84, J85-J86,	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	290.5	140.4	313
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	258.9	137.4	284
		Number of potential years of life lost	6,275	6,233	4,8
	Unintentional injuries [V01-X59, Y85-Y86]	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	5,579.0	5,163.2	3,769
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	5,654.7	5,178.5	3,759
		Number of potential years of life lost	6,243	10,293	7,75

Sex	Selected causes of death (ICD-10) 13	Characteristics ⁸	1994- 1998	1999- 2003	2004- 2008
		Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) 2			
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	5,574.9	8,604.9	5,885.8
Females	Total, all causes of death [A00-Y89]	Number of potential years of life lost	11,462	11,845	10,998
		Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	11,176.6	10,543.7	9,083.5
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population). ¹⁰	10,557.9	10,682.6	8,618.5
		Number of potential years of life lost	1,677	1,642	1,860
	All malignant neoplasms (cancers) [C00-C97]	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	1,635.7	1,461.6	1,536.2
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population). ¹⁰	1,806.9	1,532.5	1,451.8
		Number of potential years of life lost	145	263	300
	Colorectal cancer [C18-C21]	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	141.4	233.7	247.8
	Lung cancer [C33-C34]	Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population). ¹²	165.2	241.5	246.4
	Lung cancer [C33-C34]	Number of potential years of life lost	508	583	418
	Lung cancer [C33-C34]	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	494.9	518.5	344.8
	Lung cancer [C33-C34]	Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population).	572.8	551.1	302.6
		Number of potential years of life lost	х	145	242
	Breast cancer [C50]	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	х	129.1	200.3
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	x	130.5	201.1
		Number of potential years of life lost	742	907	1,038
	Circulatory diseases [100-199]	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	723.7	807.2	857.7
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	749.7	825.9	847.1
		Number of potential years of life lost	x	185	118
	Ischaemic heart diseases [120-125] Age-standardized rate of potential ye life lost (age-standardized rate per 10 population). Number of potential years of life lost (crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population). Cerebrovascular diseases [160-169] Age-standardized rate of potential years.	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	х	164.7	97.0
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	x	167.4	96.5
		Number of potential years of life lost	173	358	204
		Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	168.2	318.2	168.9
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	193.8	329.5	169.4
	All other circulatory diseases [100-102, 105-109, 110-115, 126-128, 130-152, 170-179, 180-189, 195-199]	Number of potential years of life lost	495	364	716
		Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	482.4	324.4	591.7
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population). ¹⁰	463.8	329.0	581.3
	Respiratory diseases (excluding infectious and	Number of potential years of life lost	884	706	926
	parasitic diseases) [J00-J99]		862.1	628.3	765.0

	Selected causes of death (ICD-10) 13	Characteristics ⁸	1994- 1998	1999- 2003	2004- 2008
		Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²			
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	827.4	649.2	709.2
	Pneumonia and influenza [J10-J18]	Number of potential years of life lost	x	х	х
		Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	x	х	×
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population). ¹⁰	x	233.6	8.1
		Number of potential years of life lost	380	245	х
	Bronchitis, emphysema and asthma [J40-J43, J45-	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	370.1	218.1	х
	J46]	Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	401.2	231.1	x
		Number of potential years of life lost	257	202	694
	All other respiratory diseases [J00-J06, J20-J22, J30-J39, J44, J47, J60-J70, J80-J84, J85-J86, J90-J94, J95-J99]	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	251.0	179.8	573.4
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	237.6	184.5	517.7
		Number of potential years of life lost	2,228	2,665	1,529
	Unintentional injuries [V01-X59, Y85-Y86]	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	2,172.3	2,372.0	1,262.8
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	2,075.0	2,368.8	1,222.8
		Number of potential years of life lost	1,678	2,330	2,015
	Suicides and self-inflicted injuries [X60-X84, Y87.0]	Crude rate of potential years of life lost (crude rate per 100,000 population) ²	1,635.8	2,074.0	1,664.3
		Age-standardized rate of potential years of life lost (age-standardized rate per 100,000 population) ¹⁰	1,660.7	2,051.0	1,566.7

Symbol legend:

Footnotes:

- Sources: Statistics Canada, Canadian Vital Statistics, Death Database and Demography Division (population estimates)
- Potential years of life lost (PYLL) is the number of years of potential life not lived when a person dies "prematurely", defined for this indicator as before age 75.
- Numbers and rates on this table are based on the summation of five consecutive years of deaths data.
- Rates in this table exclude: deaths of non-residents of Canada; deaths of residents of Canada whose province or territory of residence was unknown; and, deaths
- for which age or sex of decedent was unknown.

 The geographic distribution of deaths in this table is based on the place of residence of the deceased.
- Numbers and rates for Canada include deaths for Inuit Nunangat.
- Inuit Nunangat is comprised of four regions created through the signing of land claims agreements and from west to east includes the Inuvialuit Region in the Northwest Territories, Nunavut, Nunavik north of the 55th parallel in Quebec and Nunatsiavut in northern Labrador (Inuit Tapiriit Kanatami, 2008).
- Population estimates for are based on the 2001 Census adjusted for net undercoverage and components of population growth. For 1996, population estimates are
- final intercensal, for 2001 they are final postcensal, and for 2006 they are updated postcensal.

 The rate is calculated as follows: sum of potential years of life lost (PYLL) for ages 0 to 74 for the five years of reference, divided by five times the estimate of the population aged 0 to 74 for the middle year of the five years of reference.

Suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act

- Age-standardized to the 2001 total population age structure of Inuit Nunangat.
 The confidence intervals were produced via the Fleiss method (Fleiss JL, Statistical Methods for Rates and Proportions, 2nd Ed, Wiley and Sons, NY, 1981, page 14, Formula (1.26) and (1.27)).
- The 95% confidence interval (CI) illustrates the degree of variability associated with a number or a rate. Wide confidence intervals indicate high variability and thus the rates associated with them should be interpreted and compared with caution.
- World Health Organization (WHO), International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision (ICD-10)
- In 2006, new Census geography identified the reserve of Natuashish, within the unorganized territory of Division No. 10, Subd. E. As a result, the latest data for Nunatsiavut are based on different boundaries excluding this reserve, which contained 706 people as of 2006 Census, and represent about 23% of the Nunatsiavut population

Source: Statistics Canada. Table 102-0705 - Potential years of life lost, by selected causes of death (ICD-10) and sex, five-year average, Canada and Inuit regions, every 5 years, CANSIM (database). (accessed:)

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